AUGUST, 1785. THE NUMB. 2883.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1785.

A MILLWRIGHT,

JUST arrived from North-Britain, with good recommendations, would be glad to hear of immediate employment. Inquire of the PRINTERS. †

Chester county, August 27, 1785.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, in the township of Darby, containing about 200 acres, the arable land is good for grain; there is about 12 acres of meadow, and a considerable quantity more may be made and watered; there is a great proportion of woodland, the house is large, built of brick and two stories high, a tolerable good barn and stabling, its vicinity to the town of Darby and a landing on Darby creek being only two miles distant, must make the timber very valuable, particularly the white oaks, with which the woodland abounds. For terms of sale, apply to the subscriber, at the sign of the Ship, in Darby. ¶ SAMUEL SMITH.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a COURT of GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS of the PEACE, will be held at NORRIS TOWN, on TUESDAY, the 27th day of SEPTEMBER next, at 10 o'clock in the Forenoon, for the COUNTY of MONTGOMERY. Of which all Constables, and persons bound by recognizance to appear thereat, are to take Notice and give their attendance accordingly. All Public House-keepers within the county aforesaid, are notified to apply to this Court, for recommendations for Licences, for the ensuing Year. ¶ ZEBULON POTTS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to Public SALE, at the Premises, on SATURDAY, the 10th of September next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a valuable PLANTATION, situate, lying and being in Plymouth township, Montgomery county; bounded by lands of Simon Armstrong, Peter Mattis and others, containing about 116 acres of LAND. There are erected on said place, a two story stone dwelling-house, stone spring-house, with excellent water near the door, stone barn, stabling, &c. with a very valuable thriving and bearing orchard, 10 acres of well watered meadow, and a proportionable quantity of well timbered woodland; taken in execution as the property of John Campbell, which will be sold for and during the term of his natural life, by August 22, 1785. ¶ ZEBULON POTTS, Sheriff.

Easton, August 17, 1785.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to Public SALE, at the Court-house, in Easton, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, a certain Tract of LAND, situate in Hamilton township; bounded by land of Robert Levers, Esq; Anthony Keentz and others, and containing about 200 acres, more or less, whereof about 50 acres are cleared, and about 15 acres of meadow, with good buildings thereon; late the property of Benjamin Vanhorn; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by ¶ PETER EALER, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

A MOST valuable PLANTATION and Tract of LAND, containing 150 acres, situate in Easton township, in the county of Chester, about 15 miles from Philadelphia, and about one mile from the sign of the Spread Eagle, on Lancaster road, adjoining Radnor Church lands; 50 acres of which are choice woodland, and 25 acres excellent watered meadow, and the remainder plough land in good order, and equal in quality to any lands in the county. There are erected upon the premises, a stone dwelling-house near two stories high, two rooms on the lower floor, and three above, with a stone kitchen adjoining, a large frame barn, and a stone shed 52 feet long by 14 feet wide, and 20 feet high, a stone spring-house 24 feet long by 16 feet wide, one story high, over an excellent spring of water, and an orchard of 300 engrafted apple trees, with a variety of other fruit trees; this place is well situated, and is a compleat farm. For terms of sale, apply to the subscribers, or to Mr. Alexander Clay, at the sign of the Spread Eagle, on Lancaster road.

Also, one other convenient plantation, containing about 130 acres, with a stone dwelling house and kitchen, part stone and part hewed logs, and a small barn erected thereon, an orchard with about 60 apple trees and other fruit trees, 20 acres of choice watered meadow, and more may be made, and about 40 acres of woodland, the rest cleared and under good fences, situate in Marple township, in Chester county, adjoining land of Dr. Vanleer, and is distant from Philadelphia about 12 miles. This place has some valuable natural advantages for water works. For further particulars and terms of sale of either of the above farms, apply to SAMUEL VANLEER, at Reading furnace, or to PETER THOMSON, Conveyancer, in Race-street, Philadelphia. August 27, 1785. ¶

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, a French servant man, named DAVID MARTIN, by trade a cordwainer, talks good English and broken German, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, fair complexion, dark brown hair, which is commonly cued, with a false tail; had on and took with him, when he went away, a corduroy jacket with sleeves, pieced at the bottom, white jacket and breeches of narrow corded dimity, one pair blue striped holland overalls, one pair of Russia sheeting ditto cut out, but not made up; he has taken part of his tools along with him, and will probably try to pass as a freeman. Whoever apprehends said servant, and secures him in any goal, so as his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by MARTIN SHUGART.

York-Town, August 13, 1785. ‡

Reading, August 22, 1785.

WAS committed to the goal of Berks county, on suspicion of being a runaway servant, a person by the name of WILLIAM IRWIN; he is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, pitted with the small pox, of a darkish complexion, has short brown hair, says his usual place of abode is at Chesnut Level, in Lancaster county, his cloaths are but mean, consisting only of an old linen jacket, trowsers, shirt, and old felt hat. He brought with him a bay colt, about 12 hands high, has neither brand nor ear-mark, two years old last spring, a saddle almost new, with a blue saddle cloth bound with yellow. His master (if any he has) is requested to come, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged, on paying his fees, in three weeks from the date hereof.

† CHRISTIAN BARRANSTINE, Goaler.

To the Free and Independent ELECTORS of the City, Liberties and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE present Sheriff having advertised his intentions of resigning his office; the honor you have conferred by placing me on the return the two last years, induces me to solicit your favors at the ensuing Election for the Sheriff's Office, which shall be gratefully acknowledged

By the Public's humble Servant,

Philad. June 9, 1785. JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT.

To the FREEMEN and ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

INFLUENCED by the sentiments of some of my friends, I take the liberty to offer myself a candidate for the Sheriff's Office the approaching Election.

Should I be so happy as to be favoured with your suffrages, it shall be my constant care to act in such a manner as will render me not unworthy of the same. With the greatest respect and esteem, I have the honour to be,

Your most obedient and very humble servant,

JOHN ALEXANDER.

June 27, 1785. 7/6 3 w. etf

To the ELECTORS of the CITY and COUNTY of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

MY thanks are due to you for your votes and interest at the last general Election, for the Coroner's Office; a continuance of your favors at the ensuing Election will further oblige,

GENTLEMEN,

Your friend and humble servant,

¶ JOSEPH RUSH.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE subscriber being encouraged by a number of his friends, purposes offering himself as a Candidate for the Coroner's Office at the ensuing Election, and requests your votes and interest for the same. Your friend and very humble servant,

June 30, 1785. ALEXANDER RUTHERFORD.

To the [illegible] and Independent ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE subscriber purposes offering himself as a Candidate for the Coroner's Office at the ensuing Election. Should he be favored with your votes and interest, it shall be gratefully acknowledged, by your friend and humble servant,

JOHN LEACOCK.

State Lottery Office,

THE Tickets of the Second Class are now rolling up, and the DRAWING will absolutely commence on MONDAY, the Nineteenth Day of September next.

*** TICKETS are to be had at the *Lottery Office* in Third-street, the fifth house to the Southward of Arch-street, and at the dwelling houses of the Managers. *August* 22, 1785.

THOMAS FORREST,

Has for SALE, at his OFFICE, on the north side of Market-street, between Fourth and Fifth-streets, five doors above the sign of the Black Horse, and nearly opposite the sign of the Black Bear, where he transacts in the most extensive manner, every kind of business relative to stocks.

BANK STOCK.

The different kinds of certificates issued by the United States, particularly the certificates of this state, made receivable in payment for land in the Old and New Purchase.

Loan-Office certificates, depreciation funded on the excise, State Money of the emission of April, 1781, for patenting land, Massachusetts and Maryland Loan-Office certificates, depreciation ditto, state money, and every kind of certificates and monies of this, or any other state in the union, are bought and sold.

He buys and sells on commission, all kinds of

Merchandize, Bills of Exchange, &c.

Any persons residing in this, or any of the United States, who will send their orders to his office, may depend on having their business transacted with as much care as if they themselves were personally present, and those who shall please to favor him with their business, may rely on his utmost exertion for their interest, and part of the money advanced, if required.

He will exchange Loan-Office certificates, Stelle's and final settlements funded by the late law, for depreciation certificates, and others unfunded, at their current prices. July 27. t. f.

Twenty-four DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscribers on Sunday evening, the 21st instant, the following indented Irish servants, viz.

DANIEL TONNEY, about 17 years of age, of a dark complexion, short black hair, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, thin visage; had on and took with him, a white jean coat, short blue sailor's jacket, two under jackets, one spotted, the other of fine dimity, a pair of olive green corduroy breeches, almost new, a castor hat, &c.

MICHAEL M'PHADDIN, about 26 years of age, of a fair complexion, with long black hair tied, stout and well made, a weaver by trade, about 5 feet 9 inches high; had on and took with him, a linen coat, jacket and breeches of corded linen, thread stockings, wool hat, with a black ribbon round it, a blue short jacket, and a check wallet.

THOMAS KENNEDY, about 20 years of age, of a sandy complexion, freckled in the face, has long brown hair, thick legs, the left leg shortest, which causes him to limp when he walks, very thick set, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high; had on and took with him a drab coloured cloth coat almost new, with no lining, a spotted velvet jacket, a blue cloth jacket, two pair of breeches, one jean the other fustian, thread stockings, new shoes, with square copper buckles, and a wool hat; he is a shoemaker by trade, and took some tools with him. It is supposed they took a black mare, about 6 years old, 14 hands and an half high, a natural trotter but no particular marks. Whoever takes up the said servants and mare, and secures them or either of them, shall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid for each, by DAVID FROST, WILLIAM RICE, and WILLIAM M'CALLA. ‡

Bucks County, August 22, 1785.

Just imported in the Brigantine Commerce, Capt. James Darrell, from London, and now opening for SALE, by

JOHN SHIELDS,

In Second-street, opposite the City Tavern.

SIX, 7, 8, 9 and 10-qr. rose blankets; striped duffils or Indian blanketing; spotted swanskins; white, red and yellow flannels; 6 and 7-qr. red, crimson, green and blue baizes; red, green and blue naps and duffils; drabs, plains and kerseys; 5 and 6-qr. scarlet, drab, light and dark blue, brown, claret, garnet, sage, purple and pea green, coarse cloths; best London 7-qr. superfine of same colours; best 7-qr. double milled drab cloth; 7-qr. light lead cloths, suitable for womens cloaks, and chair linings; childrens spotted worsted hose; boys plain and ribbed ditto; girls plain and clocked ditto; womens clocked with crimson, white and scarlet; mens silk and worsted, silk and raw silk ribbed, mottled or plain; gauze hose and socks, suitable for wearing under silk stockings; best superfine black silk hose; corduroys and plushes; moreens, tammies, durants, callimancoes; carpeting; fashionable plated and gilt buttons; an assortment of boys, girls and mens white and black hats; ladies chip and girls Leghorn hats; buckrams, sewing silk, scarf twist; bindings and nonsupretties; powder and shot, bar lead, &c. &c. With a large assortment of blue, brown and mixed COATINGS.

N. B. Several bales of woollens and trunks of hosiery, assorted, to be sold at a low advance for cash.

Easton, August 9, 1785.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public SALE, at the premises, on MONDAY, the 19th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, a certain two story stone Tenement and Lot of GROUND, situate in Easton, on the west side of Hamilton-street, containing in front 60 feet, and in depth 230 feet. Also a certain stone Smith's shop, and Lot of GROUND, adjoining the above lot, and containing in front 60 feet, and in depth 230 feet. As also a certain five acre out-lot. All late the property of Abraham Berlin, the elder, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold, by § PETER EALER, Sheriff.

Easton, August 9, 1785.

BY virtue of certain Writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to SALE, at the Court-House in Easton, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, a certain Tract of LAND, situate in Chesnut-Hill township, bounded by lands of the United Brethren and the Blue Mountains, and containing about 200 acres, more or less, whereof 20 acres are cleared, and whereon are erected a grist-mill, saw-mill, oil-mill and hemp-mill, late the property of George Dreisbach. Also a certain Tract of LAND, situate in Mount-Bethel township, bounded by land of Alexander Brown, and David and William Man, and containing 200 acres, more or less, one half whereof can be made into good meadow. Late the property of George Taylor, Esq; deceased, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold, by

‡ PETER EALER, Sheriff.

A runaway Negroe LAD.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, near Chester-Town, Kent county, State of Maryland, on Saturday, the 18th of June, a likely Negroe lad, named JOE, about 19 years of age, slender built, thin visage, of a low stature, very black, a fine set of teeth, speaks plain, when examined has something of a down look, and is not very intelligent; is fond of strong liquor, and subject to lying; had on, when he went away, an oznabrigs shirt and trowsers, an old hat, with a large brim, torn in several places; it is supposed he took with him a white ticking waistcoat, a callicoe waistcoat, and country filled cloth coat, with large flat white metal buttons, a coarse white shirt, and striped linen trowsers: He was born in the county and state aforesaid, has been used to plantation business, and will probably endeavour to pass for a freeman. Any person securing said Negroe in any goal, so as his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

August 2, 1785. PHILIP REED.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. §

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away, on the 19th of June last, from the subscriber, living in Newton township, Cumberland county, and state of Pennsylvania, an indented Irish servant man, called ROBERT DUDDLESTON, about 30 years of age, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, and is well set, has short brown hair, inclining to curl, and long about his face, but as he took a pair of scissars, it is uncertain what fashion it is in now; he is of a dark complexion, and has a down look; had on, when he went away, an old wool hat, old shirt and trowsers, good shoes, and old white jacket. Whoever takes up said runaway, and secures him in any goal, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by § SAMUEL M'CORMICK.

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away, last night, from the subscriber, a servant man, named JOHN HAGENBOOK, a German, a taylor by trade; he is 21 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, fresh coloured, much pitted with the small pox, and has black hair which he wears cued; had on an orange coloured coat of fine cloth, a clouded knit jacket, nankeen breeches, new fine shirt, white cotton stockings, good calf-skin shoes, plated shoe and knee-buckles, and a castor hat. Whoevor takes up and secures said servant in any goal, or delivers him to the subscriber, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ ANDREW HERTZOG.

N. B. A certain Henry Voelker went off with the above servant; he is a free man, a taylor by trade, and persuaded the servant to go with him. *August* 22, 1785.

FOR SAVANNAH,

The Brigantine GEORGIA PACKET,

WILLIAM WOR[illegible]MAN, Master,

HATH compleat accommodations for Passengers, and will sail with all convenient Speed. For Freight or Passage, apply to the Captain on Board, or

WILLIAM SYKES.

KINGSTON, *(Jamaica) July* 16.

We learn, via Antigua, that moſt of the windward iſlands have ſent over memorials to government, through the hands of their different agents in London, couched in very ſtrong and ſpirited terms, complaining of the great injury they ſuſtain for want of a proper commercial intercourſe being eſtabliſhed between Great-Britain and America. The articles of ſtaves, lumber, &c. having been exorbitantly dear for ſome time paſt in thoſe iſlands, as the means of obtaining them is not only difficult, but very precarious.

The Americans have lately extended their Guinea trade to Gambia, a Britiſh ſettlement, where there is no fort; the negro ſlaves from thence are a dull, untractable ſpecies of beings, and rarely brought to the Weſt India Iſlands, not being adapted to the market.

Letters from the Bay of Honduras mention, that St. George's Quay, which was entirely ruinated by the Spaniards during the late war, is now re-ſettling very faſt; and we are informed that ſeveral perſons of this town, who formerly reſided there, are ſhortly going down, intending again to become ſettlers.

RICHMOND, AUGUST 20.

By a letter from the Sweet Springs we have the following intelligence: That the Shawaneſe Indians are out upon the frontiers in great force, united with the Six Nations. At Point Pleaſant they have killed Col. Thomas Lewis, and four other officers, one a Major, and three Captains. Col. Lewis and his party were killed at a place called Raccoon Bottom, to which place they went, upon invitation of the Shawaneſe, to hold a treaty with them; and this piece of bloody treachery is ſaid to be in revenge for a recent murder of an old Indian hunter, by a party of whites going down the Ohio. The fort at Point Pleaſant is in great diſtreſs, and the inhabitants of Green Bryar, ſtimulated by Col. Samuel Lewis, brother to Col. Thomas Lewis, are in motion to its relief.

BOSTON, Auguſt 22.

Laſt Friday evening the aſſociation of tradeſmen and manufacturers of this town met at the Green Dragon. A circular letter was laid before them by their committee, to be communicated to their brethren in the ſeveral branches of trade and manufactures throughout the United States, informing them what meaſures had been adopted by the aſſociation of this town, and the law paſſed by this ſtate in conſequence of their petition; urging them to enter into a ſimilar aſſociation, and requeſting them to forward a petition to their ſeveral legiſlatures, for the purpoſe of laying duties on ſuch ſpecies of articles as can be manufactured in this country. Alſo a correſpondence is recommended from the ſeveral aſſociations, when eſtabliſhed. The letter was unanimouſly approved, and voted to be immediately forwarded.

WORCESTER, *Auguſt* 18.

We hear from Charlton, that the inhabitants of that town are about raiſing a ſum of money to be depoſited in the hands of the Town-Treaſurer, to be ready whenever called for by certain perſons, who are to be choſen by the town, to ſtart at a minute's warning, to go in queſt of any perſon or perſons who may ſteal or rob within the limits of that town. An example worthy the imitation of every town in the United States. This plan has been lately adopted in Connecticut, and we hope will ſoon become general. Seven, eight, ten or more perſons, ſhould be appointed in a town, according to its bigneſs, to go in queſt of ſuch peſts to ſociety. Such an inſtitution is even worthy the attention of the legiſlature; and men choſen into ſuch an office by the ſeveral towns at their annual March meetings, will be of as much benefit to the community as many other town officers uſually choſen at that time. Such a method, if generally adopted, will not only have a tendency to keep rogues honeſt, but when they prove otherwiſe, be a means of their being ſpeedily detected and brought to juſtice, and the loſt property regained by its lawful owner.

A correſpondent queries, whether a tax on dogs, of one ſhilling each, annually, would not be more beneficial to the public, and raiſe twenty times the ſum, that can be raiſed by a duty on advertiſements. A duty on dogs would ſo far be beneficial as to curtail the number of theſe dangerous animals:---Notwithſtanding which, a ſufficient number would be kept to produce a handſome revenue to government. A duty on advertiſements is evidently ſhackling the preſs; as the cheapneſs of news-papers ariſe entirely by means of the profit on advertiſements. Conſequently, if government takes a conſiderable part of *that* profit from the publiſhers, news-papers cannot be afforded as cheap as otherwiſe.

NEW-HAVEN, *Auguſt* 25.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Paris, to his friend in this city, dated May 10, 1785.

"All Europe are in a ſtate of the moſt dreadful conſternation, particularly France and England. A ſpecies of famine is dreaded. Can you believe that for near four months rain has not been known in theſe two countries? Yet ſo it is.

"The article of hay it is ſuppoſed will not be produced in the moſt trifling quantity in this kingdom, except in marſhy places; there is no verdure to be ſeen in 360 miles of country, which I have paſſed, with a very few exceptions: ſhould hay fail, the cattle will require all the grain there is in the country to keep them alive.

"The poor already feel the terrible effects of the drought.

"You would be aſtoniſhed at the aſpect of the country, and travelling is one of the moſt uncomfortable things you can imagine, from the inceſſant clouds of duſt.

"There is ſcarcely a calamity befalling one part of the human race, but ſome other is benefited by it. In the preſent caſe America no doubt will derive great advantages; the French until very lately have been obſtinately oppoſed to our flour going to their Iſlands;---now they relax a little; this cauſes our commiſſioners to ſay we have more friends at the court above than at every other court beſide."

NEW-YORK, *Auguſt* 25.

Being the anniverſary of St. Lewis, the ſame was obſerved at the houſe of M. Marbois, charge des affairs, with every mark of convivial jocundneſs. The packet fired a ſalute on the occaſion.

We learn, that on the evening of the 17th inſtant, departed this life, at his houſe in Lebanon, that diſtinguiſhed patriot JONATHAN TRUMBULL, Eſq; late Governor of the ſtate of Connecticut, at an advanced age.

Laſt week his Excellency Richard Henry Lee, Eſq; Preſident of Congreſs, ſet out from this city for Pennſylvania.---A long continued ſeries of the moſt arduous exertions of his abilities in public affairs having greatly weakened and impaired his health and conſtitution, his phyſicians have recommended and adviſed him to uſe the waters of Harrowgate, in the vicinity of Philadelphia.---Theſe waters are ſtrongly impregnated with mineral properties, and are deemed by the faculty great reſtoratives. As ſoon as his Excellency ſhall have recovered from his preſent indiſpoſition, no conſideration whatever will retard his return to the duties of his miſſion.---In the mean time, Samuel Holton, Eſq; one of the Delegates from the commonwealth of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, will fill the preſidental chair, and officiate in his ſtead.

Auguſt 27. A late Philadelphia paper ſpecifies, that there are ſome inaccuracies in the account given relative to the diſſatisfaction of the weſtern Indians; and obſerves, that----"*the diſtance of Kentucky renders it difficult to ſuppoſe that the coming of the Indians to Pittſburgh, could have come by way of Kentucky*;" and ventures to aſſert, that "*it was not the ſale of land to Pennſylvania, but the great ceſſion of territory to Congreſs, with which they were diſſatisfied.*" Whether the Indians complain of the particular treaty with Pennſylvania, or the general ceſſion of territory to Congreſs, is quite immaterial. It is a certain and undeniable fact, that they are diſſatisfied, and will, in all probability, oppoſe the *Geographer General*, and his aſſiſtants, whenever an attempt is made to run and deſcribe the territorial line of the United States. We ought therefore to be prepared for the worſt; and it becomes our bounden duty, either to ſend a ſufficient force for their ſafe-guard and protection, or endeavour to obtain another conference with the Indians as ſoon as poſſible, in order to remove every doubt and jealouſy that may have been impreſſed on their minds by Britiſh emiſſaries. The Indians, in their late talk with Colonel Harmar, at Pittſburgh, plainly hinted, "*that their Uncle was aſleep, but would wake up by and by.*"

Office of Secretary of Congreſs, Auguſt 26, 1785.

The United States in Congreſs aſſembled, intending to have a new, correct and compleat edition of their Journals; the Printers in the ſeveral States are hereby requeſted to ſend to this Office, on or before the firſt Monday in November next, the Terms on which they will engage to publiſh the ſaid Journals, and to deliver One Thouſand Copies thereof.

The Perſon or Perſons contracting muſt engage to have a compleat Index made for the whole, from the Beginning to the firſt Monday in November, 1785, and inſerted in the Volume ending at that Time.

The Edition is to be in Folio, and bound in Boards.

The Propoſals muſt mention the Time when the Work can be entered upon, and the Quantity which can be compoſed daily; and be accompanied with Specimens of the Paper and Types.

The Work to be carried on at the Place where Congreſs reſides, or within ſuch a diſtance thereof as ſhall be determined by the Secretary of Congreſs, who is to ſuperintend the Printing, and reviſe the Proof-ſheets.

CHARLES THOMSON, Sec'ry.

*** The Printers in the ſeveral States are requeſted to give the above a Place in their Papers.

PHILADELPHIA, Auguſt 31.

A MESSAGE *from the* PRESIDENT *and the* SUPREME EXECUTIVE COUNCIL *to the* GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

GENTLEMEN,

WITH this meſſage will be delivered acts of Congreſs of the twenty-third day of February, ſeventeenth and thirty-firſt of March, twelfth and thirteenth of April, fourth, twentieth and twenty-ſeventh of May, firſt and ſeventh of June, and the twentieth and twenty-ſeventh of July, a letter of the fourteenth of April from the Secretary for foreign affairs, two letters from the war office of the twenty-fifth of April, and the twenty-third of June, one of the twenty-fourth of May from the Governor of Virginia, another of the twenty-eighth of July from the Governor of Maſſachuſetts, with incloſures, and two from General Irvine of the firſt of June and the eighteenth of July, and ſeveral papers relating to outrages in the county of Northumberland.

We ſhould be glad to be informed, as ſoon as poſſible, of your determination concerning the raiſing of the troops required from this ſtate.

The intereſt of the commonwealth will be great affected, unleſs Congreſs ſpeedily determine the controverſy with thoſe perſons, who hold lands within our limits not claimed under Pennſylvanian rights.

We ſhould not think ourſelves excuſeable, if we ſhould forbear to repeat, that great alterations are neceſſary in the militia laws. They ſhould be reduced into one act, and ſuch order given to the ſyſtem, that upon every occaſion an adequate force, properly armed, equipped and diſciplined, may be promptly drawn forth, embodied and employed.

As many circumſtances render it probable, that the attention of your honorable Houſe will be much engaged in conſidering the affairs of trade; we truſt that your deciſions will be combined with the moſt prudent and effectual meaſures for ſecuring and extending our commercial intercourſe, throughout all its various and complicated branches, with the reſt of the United States, which we regard as an object of very high conſequence.

The articles of the union being in our judgment very defective, we were induced two years ago "*Moſt earneſtly to recommend*, that the *confederation* might be STRENGTHENED *and* IMPROVED."

There was reaſon to hope, that peace would afford ſo much leiſure, that this important work might ſoon be accompliſhed. The event, indeed, has not correſponded with our wiſhes; but we are pleaſed to find an opinion generally prevailing at this time, that ſome amendment of the confederation is neceſſary.

As we continue fully perſuaded, that the happineſs of our poſterity muſt, under Providence, depend upon "the reſpect, tranquility and ſafety, that are naturally attached to an *extenſive* and *well-eſtabliſhed* empire," we anxiouſly deſire, that the preſent diſpoſition may be ſo directed, that, inſtead of ſtopping at *partial* proviſions, it may lead to as *perfect* an eſtabliſhment of the union as can be deviſed.

We therefore eſteem ourſelves indiſpenſably bound, not only again to declare our ſenſe, that further authorities ought to be veſted in the fœderal council; but to mention ſuch as appear to us moſt material---Theſe are the powers of regulating and protecting commerce; of impoſing equal duties on importations for the purpoſe of raiſing a revenue, and collecting them by officers of the appointment of Congreſs; of impoſing and collecting poſtage in the ſame manner, and for the ſame purpoſe; of puniſhing officers of the confederated Republic, in ſome preſcribed manner of proceeding; of adjuſting the quotas of all charges and expences, by a fixed, equitable and eaſily practicable method, and of maintaining the law of nations.

Many perſons are now very earneſt to have the firſt of theſe powers lodged in Congreſs without limitation. If ſuch an abſolute reſignation ſhould be judged improper, there can be no doubt, but the grant may be ſo modified as to produce the deſired effects, without being liable to the inconveniences apprehended from an unqualified ceſſion.

We have received ſeveral applications, herewith tranſmitted, for licences to trade with the Indians; but have declined granting any, until we could know whether they would be approved by the legiſlature.

A number of invalids belonging to this commonwealth, lately diſcharged from the ſervice of the United States, have applied to us for their ſubſiſtance, according to the reſolution of Congreſs in June laſt. The managers of the Alms-Houſe and Houſe of Employment have, at our requeſt, been ſo kind as to give them temporary relief.

Theſe men, whoſe diſtreſſes proceed from their ſufferings in the cauſe of their country, are recommended to her protection by ſuch ſtrong conſiderations, that, we are confident, the General Aſſembly will with particular pleaſure adopt meaſures for affording them immediate, regular, and liberal ſupport.

JOHN DICKINSON.

Council-Chamber, Philadelphia, Auguſt 25. 1785.

Extract of a letter from New-York, dated Auguſt 29.

"We are ſorry to inform you that Capt. Duncanſon, late of the ſchooner Amity, arrived here yeſterday in the ſhip Atlantic. Soon after he left Virginia, bound for the coaſt of Africa, his crew roſe, and took the veſſel from him, putting the mate and him in irons, in which ſituation they were kept ſome days, and then put into the long boat. The ſchooner was ſpoke with, by one of our pilot-boats, on the fiſhing banks. Capt. Duncanſon, with his mate and a number of armed men, are gone down this morning, in purſuit of the pirates."

Compendium of the Intelligence received on Monday, the 22*d inſt. by the* Mercury, *arrived at New-York, in* 8 *weeks from* London.

"That the profits of a State Lottery are to be appropriated for the uſe of the American Loyaliſts.---That ſome of Mr. Pitt's late tax bills have made him very unpopular---that Mr. Pitt's India bill has given ſuch diſguſt to the Europeans there, that they brand it with the odious appellation of an inquiſition [by which they are to be tried without a jury] and are ſettling their affairs to return to England---that the affairs on the Continent bear a pacific aſpect; and that the Dutch will ſecure the peace by certain ceſſions, and the payment of a few millions----That the Iriſh buſineſs in the Houſe of Peers goes on ſlowly, owing to its being clogged with hearing council for the ſeveral petitions daily pouring in againſt it.---That Mrs. and Miſs Adams, our Ambaſſador's wife and daughter, are as accompliſhed ladies as any at the Britiſh Court.---That Prince William Henry, ſon of George III. paſſed the Board, to qualify him as a Lieutenant in his Majeſty's navy.---That Mr. Pitt was guarded in going into the Houſe of Commons.---That there is an uncommon quantity of ſpecie in England, moſt of the guineas laviſhed here during the late war, having found their way back.---That the ſufferings of the loyaliſts have been great, but that their proſpects now brighten.---That Mr. Weſt is finiſhing a picture of the late treaty, in which he introduces the portraits of Meſſrs. Adams, Jay, Franklin and Laurens; as alſo Mr. Oſwald.

America has experienced a peculiar advantage over all other countries.---Greece, Rome and Britain, approached by degrees to magnificence and independence; their aborigines were barbarians, but the firſt ſettlers in America were maſters of arts and ſciences. If we may judge of the body of the people, from thoſe who reſide among us, they muſt poſſeſs fertile invention, excluſive genius, and ſtrong judgment. Mr. Adams, their Ambaſſador, has been ſucceſsful in every negociation he has undertaken; the loan he obtained in Holland aſtoniſhed the moſt refined politicians and ſubtle financiers in Europe. In our ſchools, univerſities, and inns of court, are many American youths of the firſt rate genius. In the polite arts they are not behind the Europeans. Weſt, Copley, Stewart and Browne, are from America. The works of the two latter artiſts are well known, their performances exhibited at Somerſet Houſe do them infinite credit.

Mr. Haſtings on Thurſday made a formal viſit to the members of the Board of Controul and Court of Directors, and where the gentlemen were not at home, left his card,---"Mr. Haſtings, from Bengal."

Mr. Haſtings paid 9000 l. for his paſſage home.

The amount of the value of the cargo and other things brought over in the Barrington Eaſt-Indiaman (including the baggage of Mr. Haſtings and other paſſengers) is rated at two millions of money, which is a richer freight than ever was brought to Europe in one ſhip.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Maryland, to his friend in this city, dated Auguſt 15, 1785.

"My ſon and a friend who arrived here from Louiſville, ſhortly after you was here, informed me as a certainty of ſeveral detached ſettlers, who had been ſeated on the north-weſt ſide of Ohio, being ſcalped before they left that country, and one party of ſix ſuch ſettlers being killed in one place.

"By a perſon lately from Wheelen, there is alſo an account of ſome traders, who went out laſt fall from that river into the Indian country, being lately killed, and all their horſes and peltry ſeized, altho' they had been under the protection of a perſon naturalized and married among the Indians.

"Many other accounts agree in a general report, that the Indians will not abide by any of the late treaties entered into laſt fall, and that they will oppoſe all ſettlements being made on the weſt ſide of the Ohio.---All theſe reports, together with the refuſal of giving up the poſts on the lakes, ſeem ſtrongly to indicate hoſtile intentions, which we may reaſonably ſuppoſe will be warmly cheriſhed by our late friends, but now inveterate enemies.---If the Indians proceed no further than to prevent our ſettling on the weſt ſide of Ohio, I am convinced it would be the beſt thing that could befall us.---I have ever viewed the attempt of graſping at all the Indian country, and ſelling or ſettling it ſpeedily, as the moſt ruinous policy, as opening a door for our citizens to run off and leave us, as a means of depreciating all our landed property already ſettled, and diſabling us from paying taxes, and funding the debts already contracted. And for theſe reaſons, if there was not an Indian within a thouſand miles of us, I ſhould reprobate the idea of ſuch boundleſs ſettlements."

Saturday laſt was apprehended, and ſecured in the goal of this city, a certain Francis Reed, alias Red, who was advertiſed in ſome of our late papers, for robbing the houſe of the Widow Mandeville, in New-York, and made his eſcape from a conſtable there. He was found on board a ſhallop, at the Crooked Billet wharff.

Mr. Marbois, charge des affairs of France, has delivered to Congreſs a letter from his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, concerning the Marquis de la Fayette. It contains expreſſions of that Monarch's friendſhip for the United States, and aſſurances that the King wiſhes for opportunities to let the young General experience farther marks of the ſatisfactin he has of his zeal and ability.

A veſſel is returned here from Newfoundland, whither ſhe was bound with a freight, but being an American bottom, did not enter, or land any part of her cargoe, as her Captain found that a brig from this port had been ſeized there, and was to be ſold in a few days---not being owned by Britiſh ſubjects, manned by Britiſh ſeamen, and navigated according to Britiſh laws.

State Lottery Tickets for Sale at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

LAST week was ſtolen out of the houſe of the ſubſcriber, in Saſſafras-ſtreet, a SILVER PINT CAN, marked E P in a cypher, and ſtamped on the bottom P S, the initials of the maker's name. Whoever returns the ſaid can to the owner, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, paid by

Auguſt 29, 1785. § EDWARD PENINGTON.

Delaware State, New-Caſtle County, Auguſt 3, 1785.

Will be expoſed to SALE, by public Vendue, on the Ninth Day of September next,

A VALUABLE Piece or Parcel of LAND, ſituate in Red Lyon Hundred, Dragon Neck, containing by computation 240 acres, whereon is erected a good frame dwelling-houſe, two rooms on a floor, a kitchen, with a well of good water at the door, barn, granary, and every other neceſſary out-building fit to accommodate a gentleman farmer; all in tolerable good repair. There is on ſaid farm about 25 acres of excellent marſh meadow, and as much more may be made at a ſmall expence, there being a large and ſufficient canal cut through the whole. The upland is very rich and fertile, yielding wheat and corn in abundance, equal, if not ſuperior, to any in the neighbourhood. Any gentleman, inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, by applying to Mr. John Clark, adjoining, or to the ſubſcriber, living in Wilmington. The ſale to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Red Lyon Tavern, where attendance, and reaſonable credit, will be given by the ſubſcriber.

¶ GEORGE CLARK.

York-Town, Pennſylvania, Eighth Month 15, 1785.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, laſt evening, a Dutch ſervant man, named JOSEPH BISHOP, about 5 feet 6 inches high, about 40 years of age, has a blemiſh in one of his eyes, ſpeaks broken Engliſh; had on, when he went away, a coarſe ſhirt and trowſers, a linen coat, and old felt; it is thought he will change his name. Was likewiſe ſtolen from the ſubſcriber the ſame night, it is expected by ſaid ſervant, a brown mare, about 14 hands high, well made, round and long bodied, paces and trots, the near hind foot white, branded on the ſhoulder and buttock S M. Whoever takes up ſaid man and mare, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, or FOUR DOLLARS for either, with reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ SOLOMON MILLER.

An ADDRESS *to the Citizens of Pennsylvania, of German birth and extraction. Translated from the German News-paper, with some additions.*

Friends and Fellow-Citizens,

EVERY good man beholds with pleasure the pains which several religious societies have taken to encourage learning among themselves since the revolution. The Episcopalians have established a flourishing Academy in the city of Philadelphia.---The Presbyterians have established a College at Carlisle.---The Roman Catholics and the Quakers still devote themselves to the care of their respective schools in Philadelphia. If each society in this manner takes care of its own youth, the whole republic must soon be well educated. It has been found by experience, that harmony and christian friendship between the different religious societies is best promoted by their educating their youth in separate schools. This practice is, moreover, more favorable to the religious instruction of youth, as catechisms and forms of worship are more readily introduced into schools where all the children are of one sect, than where they are of different religious denominations. When we consider the number and wealth of the Germans in Pennsylvania, we are at a loss to account for their having so long neglected to establish a College for the education of their youth. They compose nearly one third of the inhabitants of the state. They fill the treasury with their taxes, and their blood was shed liberally in the establishment of the independence of the state. But what advantages do they derive from their numbers, their wealth, or their patriotism? How few of their sons, born and educated in Pennsylvania, fill the learned professions, or possess offices in the state! Instead of this, are not the Germans at the mercy of the lawyers of other societies, and of the quacks of their own nation? Do they not often lose their estates, from their ignorance of the laws of their country, in making their wills, and in buying and selling property? Do they not often sacrifice their lives by trusting to men who pretend to inspiration in physic, but who are without principle or education? Have they not often been misled by demagogues of other nations and religious societies? All this is entirely owing to their want of learning, which would defend them from mistakes, deceptions and abuses, in law, physic and in government.*

The Germans in Europe are wise and learned. Why should they not be equally so in Pennsylvania? The Germans in Pennsylvania are wealthy---and therefore they can afford to educate their children. It is learning alone that gives influence to wealth, and makes it a source of happiness. The Germans are a temperate, patient and industrious people; they are therefore the best subjects for learning, as well as the best members of republican governments.

Some narrow minded people have said, that if the Germans have a College of their own---it will be the means of keeping up their *language* in our country, and therefore they advise that they should send their sons to the English Colleges in Philadelphia and Carlisle. But this objection should have no weight. I should be very sorry to see the German language lost in Pennsylvania. It will be the inlet into the state of all the learning of one of the wisest nations in the world. Besides, the German youth will more readily acquire knowledge in the language in which they have been taught to express their first ideas, than in any other. They will moreover be more easily instructed in the principles of their own religion in their own language. But further, I conceive, by teaching and learning in their own language, they will sooner acquire a perfect knowledge of the English language. A thirst for learning excited by German books will naturally lead them to study the English language, for the sake of becoming acquainted with English authors, who abound with knowledge in all arts and sciences. Besides, when the German youth find that a knowledge of the English language is the road to eminence at the bar, to honor both in the State of Pennsylvania and in the General Assembly of the United States, they will not want motives for learning to speak and write it with force and elegance. I take it for granted, that one of the first teachers that would be appointed in a German College, would be a professor of the English language.

But supposing it possible that the German youth should not acquire a knowledge of the English language in their College, what Pennsylvanian, of British or Irish extraction, would not prefer them as fellow-citizens, learned in the arts and sciences, and skilled in politics and government, rather than in a state of ignorance of them all? A man who is learned in the dialect of a Mohawk Indian is more fit for a legislator, than a man who is ignorant even in the language of the learned Greeks. The German language has existed for fifty years in Pennsylvania. It never can be lost, while German churches and schools exist in it. A German College will serve to preserve it---but it will preserve it, not in its present state, but in its original force and purity. It will do more, it will open the eyes of the Germans to a sense of the importance and utility of the English language, and become perhaps the *only possible means*, consistent with their liberty, of spreading a knowledge of the English language among them. Another objection that has been made to a German College is, that it will tend to render the Germans a distinct people from the other citizens of the state. This objection is equally weak and groundless with the former. It is *ignorance* and *prejudice* only that keeps men of different countries and religions apart. A German College, by removing *these*, will prepare the way for the Germans to unite more intimately with their British and Irish fellow-citizens, and thus to form, with them, one homogeneous mass of people.

A third objection that has been made to the establishment of a German College is, that it will lessen the cultivation of the state, by converting some of our best farmers into scholars. What! are the Germans to be doomed for ever to labor, and never to partake of the refinements and advantages which accompany literature? But I deny the fact. The agriculture of the state will always keep pace with our improvements in arts and sciences. Look at the island of Great-Britain, where philosophy has lent her aid to husbandry, and compare the increase, produce and exports of her farms, with the state of agriculture in those countries in Europe where the ground is only scratched by illiterate peasants, and then say whether there is not a prospect of agriculture being advanced to a degree of perfection, hitherto unknown in our country, by spreading learning among our farmers? The profits of a farm in Pennsylvania are the result of the combined influence of the industry and œconomy of our farmers, and of the natural fertility of the soil. Suppose we add to these, the influence of an acquaintance with books, containing an account of the improvements and discoveries in agriculture and rural œconomy, that are daily making in other parts of the world, is it not probable that the profits of a farm would be much more considerable? I pass by the pleasure to be derived from taste and convenience, utility and beauty, being blended together in the disposition of fields, gardens, fruit-trees and meadow ground, which will follow education among our farmers, and hasten to remark, that as our rulers are chosen chiefly from among this class of citizens, it will be absolutely necessary to spread learning among them. The time is remembered with shame and indignation, when the people of Pennsylvania were called upon to "reject men of learning," in chusing a body of legislators to form a system of government for the state. The business of government is incompatible with the duties of the three learned professions; our rulers must be taken therefore from the cultivators of the earth. Their seasons of recess from labour give them leasure for the purposes of government, and their manner of life secures them best from that corruption to which all governors are naturally disposed.

I anticipate a revolution in our state, big with human happiness, when the farmer and the scholar shall be blended together, and when the same men who have been competitors for fame at our Colleges, shall be competitors for honor in the Councils of the State.

America already beholds this scene of political happiness and glory in the eastern states. Nearly one half the members of the legislature of Connecticut are graduates in the College of New-Haven,---hence the wisdom and stability of her laws. A large proportion of the Assemblymen and Senators of the state of Massachusetts are graduates in the College of Cambridge---hence are derived the perfection of her constitution, and the freedom and dignity of her government.

If these hints should meet with the approbation of my German fellow-citizens, I beg leave to recommend to them immediately to obtain funds, and to apply to the legislature for a charter for a College to be established at Reading, Lebanon, Lancaster or Manheim. A village should be prefered to the city of Philadelphia, not only because education will be cheaper, but because the youth will be kept out of the way of those vices which always prevail in large towns.

Happy state of Pennsylvania! When all the numerous sects and nations that compose thy citizens shall be equally wise and free! "When wisdom and knowledge shall be the stability of thy times!" When all thy Ministers of the Gospel, thy Lawyers and thy Physicians, like "thy Governors, shall be from among ourselves!" When the different religious sects, like the different strings in a musical instrument, shall compose a harmony delightful in the ears of Heaven itself! When the shores of the Ohio and Tioga, and all thy numerous and extensive rivers, shall be adorned with Churches, Courts of Justice and Seminaries of Learning, filled with men who have been educated in the principles of religion and liberty in our American Colleges! When the descendants of British and Irish subjects shall come from the east and from the west, and meet their German fellow-citizens on the *same footing* in the Councils of the State! And when religion without superstition, learning without pedantry, and liberty without licentiousness, shall blend their rays together, and enlighten every corner of the land!

A FRIEND TO EQUAL LIBERTY AND LEARNING IN PENNSYLVANIA.

* *Wherever learning is confined to* one *society, or to a few men, the government of that country will always be an* ARISTOCRACY *whether the prevailing party be composed of rich or poor.----It is by diffusing learning that we shall destroy aristocratic juntos of all parties, and establish a true commonwealth.*

LANDS FOR SALE,

Elk Ridge, Anne Arundle county, state of Maryland, October 10, 1785. Will be offered at PUBLIC SALE, at Mr. Patrick Baxter's Tavern, on the premises,

SIX HUNDRED and ONE ACRES of LAND, part of a tract called Frieburn's Progress; 90 acres of as good meadow ground as any in the state, 50 in mowable timothy and good order, a TAVERN which now rents for 30 l. per annum, situate at the Cross Roads, one leading from Frederick-town to Elk Ridge Landing and Annapolis; the other from Montgomery to Ellicott's Lower Mills and Baltimore town. There is at said Tavern, two dwelling-houses, a kitchen, stable, and an excellent well of water near the door, being part of the above tract; containing 17¾ acres. There is on the above tract, two compleat FARMS, with dwelling-houses, kitchens, barns and other necessary houses. This land lies about 2 miles from Ellicott's Lower Mills, 13 from Baltimore town, and 9 from Elk Ridge Landing. An indisputable title will be given, and a plot thereof may be seen, by applying to the subscribers, living on the premises, and the terms made known on the day of sale, by

August 2, 1785. † 6 w. HENRY OWING, NATHANIEL OWING.

TO BE SOLD,

Pursuant to the last will and testament of JACOB COBLENTZ, deceased,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION or LOT of LAND, containing 23 acres, between 4 or 5 acres of watered meadow, situate in Cheltenham township, Montgomery county, 9 miles from Philadelphia; there is a good two story stone dwelling-house, with a good spring of water in the cellar, a stone stable, an orchard of very good fruit. The above lot joins land of Isaac Cleaver, Anthony Williams, and others, and may be entered on the first of April next. For further particulars and terms of sale, apply to BARTHOLOMEW MATHER, Executor, near the premises. ¶ 31st of Eighth Month, 1785.

Philadelphia, August 29, 1785.

WAS ordered into the yard of the subscriber, by a person unknown, on the 20th of this instant August, a white HORSE, about 15 hands high, well made, shod all round, and lame in one hind foot. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. JOHN EVANS, at the Bull's-Head, in Strawberry-alley. ¶

Easton, Northampton County, August 12, 1785.

WAS committed lately to the goal of this county, on suspicion of being a run-away servant, a certain JOHN BOWMAN, about 27 years of age, pock-marked, dark brown hair, and about 5 feet 6 inches high; he says he is a hatter by trade, and worked lately at the trap, in Montgomery county. His master, if any he has, is requested to come, prove his property, pay his expences, and take him away, within five weeks from the date hereof, otherwise he will be discharged, on paying his fees. § FREDERICK BARTHOLD, Goaler.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, last night, from the subscriber, living at Christiana ferry, New-Castle county, on Delaware, an Irish servant woman, named SARAH TIVY, about 25 years of age, lusty made, full face, down look, looks and speaks as if almost crying, dark brown hair; had on and took with her a black silk bonnet, with white lining, a short gown and petticoat of lincey, brown and white striped, nearly alike, but not quite, two short gowns, blue and white striped linen, a white corded petticoat, one and a half yard of yellow flowered callicoe, black silk handkerchief, two white linen ditto, with red borders, one of them split in two, two coarse shifts, two pair thread stockings, one much darned, a pair of red shoes, with white heels, a pair of mens shoes patched, and the shoe part of a pair boots. The above girl was taken away by a certain Daniel Lafferty, an Irishman, late a soldier in the third Pennsylvania regiment, about 5 feet 6 inches high, well set, full face somewhat rough and lately hurt, short sandy hair, small round hat, with a band and buckle, blue sailor jacket much faded, and patched under the arm, and old jean trowsers. They stole and took away one pair boots almost new, made of thin leather, with a slope top and stitched round, all the straps off, except what fastens to the buttons of the knees, a shirt ruffled at the bosom, and marked P I, fine shift marked C I, and other things supposed to be taken not yet missed. Whoever takes up said man and woman, with the goods, and secures them, so that they are brought to justice, shall be entitled to the above reward; for the man, on conviction, Ten Dollars; for the woman Four Dollars; for the articles Two Dollars, and reasonable charges for the servent, if brought home, paid by

August 26, 1785. PETER JAQUET, jun.

N. B. It is thought they will sell the boots, if so, will reward any person that will send word, that I may know which way to pursue them. All masters of vessels and others are forbid to harbour or carry them off at their peril. §

Philadelphia, August 25, 1785.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Old Coffee-House, in the City of Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of September next, at 6 o'clock in the Evening,---A LOT of LAND, situate on the south side of Market-street, in the City of Philadelphia; containing in front, on Market-street aforesaid, 99 feet, and in length or depth 306 feet, bounded by ground of Thomas Procter, Esq; and Col. Eleazer Oswald. On said lot is a two story frame Messuage, Kitchen, and other Out-houses and valuable Improvements, has for many years been occupied as a Public House of Entertainment, known by the name of the Centre House, the situation is very pleasant and healthy. Taken in execution as the property of Henry Martin, by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, August 25, 1785.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, at the Old Coffee-House, in the city of Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of September next, at six o'clock in the evening, three two story frame Messuages or Tenemenas, and Lot or Piece of GROUND thereunto belonging, situate in the Northern-Liberties of the city of Philadelphia; containing in front, on the west side of Third-street, at the corner of Green-street, about 46 feet, and in length or depth about 60 feet; taken in execution as the property of John M'Gowan, and to be sold, by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

Chester, August 29, 1785.

THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

WAS stolen from out of the pastures of the subscribers, living in the borough of Chester, on the 20th instant August, two HORSES, answering the following descriptions, viz. the horse belonging to William Kerlin is a large dark brown horse, 9 years old, remarkably square built, upwards of 15 hands high, thick legs, and much wind galled, has a star and a reach down his face, a natural pacer, canters well and trots clumsy, a short switch tail and hanging mane, his withers much worn with the collar, has some white spots behind his ears, and one white foot. The horse belonging to John Odenheimer, a dark brown, also near 15 hands high, three quarters blooded, 5 years old, carries very gay, has a few scars on his rump, and two small white strokes about two inches long on his left cheek, and one on his right, a short switch tail, a natural trotter, and when he trots fast claps his feet, was newly shod all round, and had when stolen a horse lock on his off fore leg. Any person securing said horses and thief or thieves, so that the owners may have them again, shall have the above reward, or THREE POUNDS for each, and reasonable expences, paid by WILLIAM KERLIN, and JOHN ODENHEIMER. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.

Stop the RUNAWAYS.

TWO fellows went from me on Saturday evening, the 2d of July. BILL, a miller, about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a swarthy complexion and down look, with short black hair and thick lips, he is well made and neat about the feet and legs, his eyes are large, and seldom looks at the person he converses with, he lost some years since the last joint of one of the fingers of his right hand, and his left arm having been broken below the elbow, is a little crooked. He is extremely ingenious, well acquainted with farming, and mows with uncommon ease and dexterity; was bred a miller, and understands that business in all its various branches, is handy with carpenters, turners and shoemakers tools, a good fidler, fond of musick, company and spirituous liquors, drinking freely tends to make him stupid, rather than enliven him; when afraid, or his passions in any manner agitated, his face becomes remarkably dark coloured. He called himself Mullon.

GEORGE, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, of a slender make, a fair complexion and down look, with short dark-coloured hair; he lately had the small-pox by inoculation, and since much troubled with eruptions, his eyes are generally sore, and with his right hand frequently scratches the back part of his thigh. He is in every respect a careless slovenly fellow, was bred upon a farm, has occasionally attended a merchant-mill, waited upon a single person, and drove a waggon, and when angry will beat his horses unmercifully. His address rough, addicted to swearing, fond of spirituous liquors, and seldom misses an opportunity to be drunk, and of consequence talkative and noisy. He is an indifferent performer and fond of the fiddle.

These fellows are about 23 years old, twins, and natives of this place, descended, by their mother, from an Indian female slave their grandmother, and by bastardy not to be distinguished from white persons. They were promised freedom for servitude to November, 1791, and sooner in case of good behaviour. They have little complaisance, and as they talk on the Scotch-Irish dialect, may pass for Irishmen. Each had a jacket or short coat of a dark grey imported cloth, and sundry other cloaths. Bill had the best and greatest variety. It is probable they may change their names, cloaths and professions, and may continue together or near one another. They are specious, artful and knowing; frequent occasion to make excuses has habituated them not to be ignorant of the art of deception, their stories will be plausible, and if taken, will with infinite dexterity attempt or effect an escape. Whoever will take and secure, or put them in goal, so that I may get them again, shall have Five Pounds for each. If taken many miles distant and brought home, all traveling expences shall be paid, and a liberal reward for any extraordinary trouble. Masters of vessels are cautioned not to take them away. MICHAEL WALLACE.

Maryland, Cæcil county, Little Elk, July 6, 1785.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RAN away from the subscribers, living in West-Nantmill township, Chester county, two servant men, one named THOMAS KEAN, stout built, about 25 years of age; had on a flax and tow shirt, tow trowsers, a jacket without sleeves, the fore parts brown cloth, the other linen, and old felt hat; he is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has black hair, and can work at the weaving and shoemaking trades. The other, PATRICK BOYLEN, is about 18 years of age, short and chunkey, and has black bushy hair; had on a flax and tow shirt, tow trowsers, new shoes, old buckles that he has mended, an ash coloured country cloth thick jacket without sleeves, made with a belt, and old felt hat; he is about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high. They ran away the 21st of August, 1785. They are both from the county of Connaught, in Ireland, and are cunning deceitful fellows, and will endeavour to pass for freemen. They have no cloaths but what are described. Whoever takes up said fellows, and secures them in any goal, shall have Fifty Shillings for each, and all reasonable charges, paid by JOHN GRAHAM, BENJAMIN MARPOLE.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

WAS stolen out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Manor township, Lancaster county, on the night of the 24th of August, a sorrel MARE, with a bald face, about 15 hands and an half high, five years old, trots and canters, but trots very rough, she also paces a slow travel, has been lately nicked, by which means she has lost the hair out of her tail, which is just beginning to grow again. Whoever secures said mare, so that the owner may have her again, shall have the above reward and charges, paid by † ISAAC KAGEY.

By VENDUE,

ON Thurſday, the firſt of September, will be ſold, on the premiſes, to the higheſt bidder, two valuable FARMS, in the Northern Liberties, within four miles of the city, well improved, and divided into ſuch lots as the ſubſcribers hope will ſuit the purchaſers, one called Kenderton, formerly the property of Mrs. Venables, the other that of Jacob Bender, adjoining the former. Plans of each to be ſeen at the Coffee-houſes. A ſmall part of the purchaſe-money will be required at the execution of the deeds, and an extenſive credit given for the remainder, by

THOMAS BOND,
VENABLES BOND,
JACOB BENDER.

The ſale to begin preciſely at two o'clock, when the terms will be made known.

Northern Liberties, Auguſt 16, 1785.

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, on the night of the 4th inſtant, two fat COWS, one of them a dark brindle; the other red, forward with calf; it is ſuppoſed they went up the York road. Whoever takes up the ſaid cows, and gives information to the ſubſcriber, in Nicetown, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

† PETER DEAL.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Goſhen township, Cheſter county, about the 20th of July, a bright bay MARE, about 14 hands 3 inches high, 7 or 8 years old, a natural trotter, has no ſhoes on. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

§ JOHN WARNER.

LANDS for PUBLIC SALE.

To be SOLD by public vendue, at the Vendue Store, in Baltimore-town, and the ſale to commence on the 5th day of September next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and continue until all are ſold.

ABOUT 4650 acres of very valuable LAND, the property of the Baltimore Company, viz. Orange, containing about 2800 acres, adjoining ſaid town, the greater part of it very well wooded, the ſoil tolerable good, and lays well for farming.----- Philipſburgh, containing about 900 acres, lays nearly adjoining ſaid town, and on the banks of Patapſco river and Harris's creek, where the navigation is very good, and there may be ſeveral good and commodious ſhip-yards eaſily made;----this tract abounds with different kinds of timber and fire wood, and contains ſeveral ſwamps and valleys, which may be eaſily made into valuable meadow, and a conſiderable quantity of the up-land well adapted to farming.---Gorſuch, containing about 500 acres; this tract lays adjoining Philipſburgh, and extends down to the point oppoſite the fort, which forms the mouth of our harbour, and lays two miles on navigable water; there has been formerly a few acres of this land cleared; but the remainder of it abounds with large lofty timber, chiefly white oak of the firſt quality for ſhip-building and with fire wood; on this tract there is a very large proportion of valuable meadow and up-land of the firſt quality for farming.---In ſhort, the many advantages it has over moſt other lands, renders it the admiration of all who examine it.

Three ſmall tracts, laying round the old Mount Royal Forge, on both ſides of Jones's Falls, about one and a half miles from ſaid town, containing about 250 acres; on this land there are three excellent mill-ſeats, on one of which ſtands the old forge, with other conſiderable improvements.-----About one half of theſe tracts is very well wooded; but what adds exceedingly to its value, there are a conſiderable number of quarries of excellent ſtone for building.

Bare-Hills, containing about 200 acres, laying about ſix miles from ſaid town, in the neighbourhood of Col. Darby Lux, and will be particularly deſcribed at the time of ſale.

The whole of theſe lands will be laid off in lots of various ſizes, according to their ſituations, and as it may be thought will beſt ſuit the purchaſers. As there are many beautiful ſituations for Gentlemen's country ſeats, a number of lots will be laid off for that purpoſe, and the remainder in mill ſeats, ſtone quarries, gardens and farms.

The terms of ſale of theſe lands are the one tenth of the purchaſe money of the three tracts, laying round Mount Royal forge, to be paid down the next day after the ſale, and bonds with approved ſecurity, payable in five years from that date on intereſt, to be paid annually, for the reſidue;---and for the remaining tracts, one twentieth part of the purchaſe money to be paid down the next day after the ſale, and bond with intereſt in the ſame manner as aforeſaid, for the reſidue.

Plats of the whole will be made out in a ſhort time for the examination of the public---any perſons deſirous of viewing Philipſburgh, or Gorſuch, before the day of ſale, are requeſted to apply to Mr. Miles Love, living on the latter; thoſe who may be deſirous to view the other lands, are requeſted to apply to Capt. Zachariah Mackubin, ſurveyor on Howard's hill, Baltimore. Attendance will be given at the time and place of ſale, by

ABRAHAM VAN BIBBER,
CLEMENT BROOKE,
JOHN MERRYMAN.

BALTIMORE, July 1, 1785.

PURSUANT to an Order iſſued out of the Orphan's Court, for the City and County of Philadelphia, will be expoſed to SALE, at Public Vendue, on the PREMISES, the 8th day of September next, at 2 o'clock in the Afternoon.

THAT VALUABLE PLANTATION, or TRACT of LAND, ſituate in the townſhip of Lower Merion, and county of Montgomery, containing 200 acres, whereon is erected a commodious ſtone dwelling-houſe, with a ſtone kitchen adjoining, on a beautiful eminence near the center of ſaid premiſes, which commands a proſpect over the greateſt part of the ſaid plantation; a ſpring with a ſtone ſpring-houſe within a few rods of the door; about 20 acres of meadow, and more may be made and watered with a conſtant ſtream running through ſaid land; about 40 acres of wood-land, the remainder cleared. The whole of an excellent quality, and healthy ſituation, and commodious for a gentleman's country ſeat, adjoining the Cheſter county line, and about 12 miles from the city of Philadelphia. The eſtate of William Thomas, late deceaſed, and to be ſold by

JOHN LLEWELLIN,)
¶ NATHAN JONES,) Adminiſtrators.

N. B. The conditions will be made known at the time and place aforeſaid. *Auguſt* 12, 1785.

Glouceſter county, Auguſt 15, 1785.

WAS committed to Glouceſter goal, on Wedneſday, the 10th inſtant, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant, a certain THOMAS GREYHAM, a Scotchman, who ſays he came from Philadelphia, and was acquainted with one Mr. M'Ilvaine, inn-keeper, in Briſtol, he is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, ſandy complexion; had on a white jean coatee, jacket and breeches of the ſame, an old felt hat bound, one pair of ſteel knee buckles, and an old pair of thread ſtockings, and old ſhoes. His Maſter, if any he has, is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away in three weeks after the date hereof, otherwiſe he will be ſold for his fees, by

† ISAAC LENNARD, Goaler.

JOHN PORTER, *Bruſh-Maker,*

On the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, and oppoſite the Pennſylvania Coffee-Houſe, has for SALE, a valuable aſſortment of BRUSHES, wholeſale and retail, conſiſting of the following kinds, viz.

SWEEPING-BRUSHES of all ſorts and ſizes; clamps, with or without blocks; hearth-bruſhes, mahogany, walnut, painted and plain; duſting-bruſhes, round and flat; hatters ditto, of all ſorts; painters ditto; weavers ditto; tanners and curriers ditto; round and angled furniture ditto; ſhoe ditto, and blacking ball of excellent qualities; bone and wood buckle bruſhes; mahogany, walnut and painted cloaths bruſhes; ſilverſmiths and braſs-founders wheel bruſhes; tooth bruſhes, with or without ſponges; ſhaving boxes, bruſhes and ſoap; hand ſcrubing bruſhes of all ſorts; ſilk dyers and ſcowerers ditto ditto; fullers ditto ditto; baniſter and window bruſhes; Pope's head, or church ditto. With a variety of other ſorts not enumerated, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms, and will WARRANT his work not to fail. He is obliged to his friends and former cuſtomers for their favors, and hopes for a continuance thereof, as he means to keep up a conſtant ſupply. Town and country ſtore and ſhopkeepers may be ſupplied at the ſhorteſt notice.

N. B. He ſells meal and ſand ſeives, and gives the beſt price for hogs briſtles and horſe hair. §

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the old Coffee-houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the 31ſt inſt. (Auguſt) at 6 o'clock in the evening, a very valuable PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, containing 303 acres and an half; ſituate, lying and being in Lower Dublin townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, bounded by the great road leading from Philadelphia to New-York, by the river Delaware, by Poqueſing creek, and by lands of Evan Thomas and Thomas Robinſon. There are on one part of the premiſes, a farm-houſe of hewn logs, with two leantos, a frame barn, a well of good water, garden, orchard, a ſufficient quantity of meadow, about 100 acres of which is woodland, has a ſtone quarry thereon, and is diſtant about 12 miles from Philadelphia; this eſtate has two very elegant ſituations for country ſeats (one of which is particularly ſo) there are on the adjoining tracts an Epiſcopal church, a mill, a genteel public houſe of entertainment, and a ſhallop conſtantly plies between Poqueſing creek aforeſaid and the city of Philadelphia, which affords the greateſt convenience of water carriage. Credit, upon ſatisfactory ſecurity, will be given for about two thirds of the purchaſe money; and ſold as late the eſtate of Henry Ward Pearce, and Rachel his wife, by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

Imported in the laſt ſhips from London and Briſtol, and to be Sold by WILLIAM CRAIG, at his Store in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the Baptiſt Meeting-Houſe,

A neat aſſortment of GOODS,

On the loweſt Terms for Caſt or ſhort Credit.

SUPERFINE and ſecond broadcloths, rattinets, ſhalloons, durants, calimancoes, moreens, crapes, camblets, hairbines, flannels, fuſtians and jeans, corduroys, ſaggathies, white and brown buckrams, glaized and brown linens, Iriſh ditto, cotton and linen checks and ſtripes, India and other calicoes and cottons, Oznabrigs, ſcarf twiſt, death-head and baſket buttons, worſted and hair cord for cloaks, ſilver plated and double gilt yellow buttons, duncomb ditto, ſhirt ditto, Scotch and coloured threads, ſewing ſilks, beſt large plain Barcelona handkerchiefs, printed and check ditto, kenting ditto, white ſarſnets and perſians, black ſattin, table-cloths, clouting diaper, beſt Hyſon and Souchong tea of the firſt quality, black ſtraw and Leghorn hats, ſilk velvets, ſhoe-buckles, ſtirrups and bridle bits, plated ditto, ſaddlers web and tacks, 3d, 4d and 20d nails, frying pans, flat-irons, taylors ſhears, worſted bindings, Tully and Scotch garters, Slates, China cups, ſaucers and bowls by the box, queens-ware by the crate, long and ſhort pipes, ſhovels and ſpades, cotton and jack cards, ivory and horn combs, candleſticks, locks, muſlins, felt hats, white and black gauzes, Muſcovado ſugar, red and white lead, Spaniſh brown, verdigreaſe, powder and ſhot, cambricks and lawns, long lawns, womens leather gloves and mitts, ſilk and worſted ditto, mens beaver pelt ditto, fans, nankeens, Bengals, ribbons, ſilk Marſeilles quilting, ſilk, thread and worſted ſtockings.

A Houſe to be lett in Strawberry-alley; ſecond crop Graſs to be lett. †

Waterford townſhip, Glouceſter county, Auguſt 16, 1785.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on the 25th of June laſt, a Negroe WOMAN, named HANNAH, about 35 years of age, pretty likely, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, came from Guinea, has one mark each ſide of her eye, if examined, and a ſmall lump or ſcar on the back of her neck; had on, when ſhe went away, a red flannel jacket and petticoat, old blue quilt, with mixed cloth in the fore part, and ſome patches on the lower part behind, had on a coarſe white ſhift, but expect her dreſs will be altered. Her huſband is a free man, and it is expected he harbours her; his name is Big Bill, formerly belonging to Daniel Cooper, deceaſed. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Negroe woman, and ſecures her in any goal in the United States, ſo that the ſubſcriber may have her again, or delivers her to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ ELIZABETH HORNER.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Capt. WILLIAM MORRELL, deceaſed, are requeſted to make payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe who have demand ſon the ſaid eſtate are deſired to bring in their accounts, to

JAMES CRAIG,
WILLIAM MACKENZIE, } Executors.

PURSUANT to the laſt Will and Teſtament of Colonel LEWIS GRONOW, deceaſed, will be expoſed to Public SALE, on the Premiſes, on the 8th day of September next, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION and TRACT of LAND, ſituate in the Great Valley, Cheſter county, about 22 miles from Philadelphia, containing upwards of 200 acres, about one half thereof cleared, the remainder well timbered. There is a large proportion of excellent meadow thereon, watered by that never-failing ſtream, known by the name of the Valley Creek, which runs through the ſaid tract and affords a convenience for erecting any kind of water works. On the premiſes are a well finiſhed two ſtory ſtone houſe and kitchen, a good barn, ſtables and other out-houſes, a ſtone ſpring-houſe over a never-failing ſpring, a young bearing orchard and other improvements; the arable land is naturally productive of all kinds of grain, and may be eaſily kept ſo, as there is plenty of limeſtone on ſaid tract; it is pleaſantly ſituated, in a good neighbourhood, convenient to a number of Merchant Mills, and places of Worſhip of different denominations. Credit will be given for the greateſt part of the purchaſe money, upon giving ſecurity. Attendance will be given and the conditions made known, at the time and place of ſale, by JOHN BEATON,)

July 18, 1785. § DAVID DAVIS,) Executors.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of ANDREW HAMILTON, Eſq; late of this city deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment. And all who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate are deſired to produce them, properly atteſted, to

ABBY HAMILTON, Executrix.

WHO HAS FOR SALE,

A Valuable PLANTATION, in

Ridley townſhip, Cheſter county, near a Landing on Crum creek, containing 163 acres, adjoining lands of Meſſrs. Caleb Davis, John Croſby, J. Warrell and others. There is on the premiſes a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, barn, milk-houſe, and an excellent orchard, about 100 acres cleared, the remainder is ſtocked with timber. ¶ *Philad. Auguſt* 12, 1785.

GEORGE MEADE

Has removed his COMPTING-HOUSE and STORES into Water-ſtreet, two doors below Walnut-ſtreet, where he has for ſale

MADEIRA, Sherry and Teneriffe wines of the firſt in pipes or quarter caſks.

Jamaica ſpirits, Antigua, St Kitts and Tortola rum by the hogſhead, and all of the firſt quality.

Green coffee, bohea tea, Muſcovado ſugar, molaſſes, &c.

A few pieces of excellent Scotch and Wilton carpeting.

Engliſh and Dutch ſheet copper.

A LOT on Walnut-ſtreet, near Fourth-ſtreet, 24 feet 6 inches front, and 220 deep, on which are two brick kitchens, rent for fifty pounds per annum, and the taxes. Alſo two frame buildings that would make two excellent houſes, 24 by 20 feet, and built of the beſt materials.

He has likewiſe for ſale ſeveral Tracts of LAND in Virginia.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 3, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

For Public Securities of all kinds at their current value, Paper Money iſſued for the payment of intereſt on public debts, or the Revenue Money of New-Jerſey and Pennſylvania.

A LARGE FARM in the county of Glouceſter, and ſtate of New-Jerſey, about ten miles from Cooper's ferry, containing between 7 and 800 acres of good LAND, there are about 300 acres of plough-land, three orchards with near 1000 apple-trees, about 80 acres of meadow, and a conſiderable quantity more may be made, under a good cedar fence in excellent order, the reſt is woodland, well timbered with all kinds of large oak timber (hickory, &c.) fit for ſhip-building and many other uſes, alſo a quarry of good free-ſtone, which is in much demand; there are on the premiſes a large well finiſhed dwelling-houſe, on a high and healthy ſituation, with piazas on each ſide, two ſtories high, with four rooms on the ground floor and five chambers, a large kitchen adjoining, with chambers over it, garrets and cellars over and under the whole, a pump of good water at the door, a large pailed garden well laid out, with a variety of fruit-trees in it, a new log ſaw-mill, with a great fall of water, allowed to cut as faſt as any in the ſtate, within three and an half miles of a landing, there are a black-ſmith's ſhop, and three other dwelling-houſes for the accommodation of a tenant, ſawyer and team-driver, three large barns, a large corn-houſe with two cribbs, a ſheep-houſe, calf-houſe, gear-houſe, ſmoak-houſe, hen-houſe and granary, ſtabling for 24 horſes, and ſheds for about 100 cattle. Alſo a valuable tract of woodland adjoining, containing 300 acres, well timbered, on which a large quantity of good bottom meadow may be made. They will be ſold together or in ſeparate tracts, clear of all incumbrances, and the payment made eaſy to the purchaſer. An indiſputable title will be made, by applying to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes.

WILLIAM TODD.

Glouceſter county, Auguſt 11, 1785.

To be SOLD by private SALE,

And may be entered on the firſt of April next,

A PLANTATION nine miles from Philadelphia, near the old York road, on the road called the Lime Kiln-Road, containing 57 acres, about 7 acres of which are watered meadow, 4 woodland, the remainder is arable land. For the particulars, enquire of JOHN STEEL, in Moravian-alley, midway between Arch and Race-ſtreets, Philadelphia.

Glouceſter County, State of New-Jerſey, Auguſt 11, 1785.

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from his bail on Monday, the 8th inſtant, a certain WILLIAM HEWES, a labourer, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, a native of Glouceſter county, ſuppoſed to be about 24 years of age, is well ſet, round ſhouldered and pitted with the ſmall-pox, wears his own black buſhy hair, is fond of company, and addicted to ſwearing; had on and took with him a variety of cloaths (ſome of which were new) amongſt others, one brown and one light coatee, a broad brimed hat, which he generally wears flopped down. He took with him a bay Horſe, about 14 hands high, low in fleſh, together with a new ſaddle and bridle; he alſo carried off with him, a large ſilver faced Watch, the property of the ſubſcriber, maker's name forgot. Any perſon who will take up and ſecure the ſaid William Hewes in any goal, and give information thereof or deliver him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive the above reward.

† NATHAN PAUL.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, on the 11th of July laſt, at night, by a man who called himſelf JOHN JONES, the following articles, viz. A ſilver watch with a china face, a dove coloured ſilk ribbon, and ſteel key to it, the maker's name RICHARDSON, London, on the face and inſide, a lightiſh coloured cloth jacket, with ſleeves and wooden buttons, 1 pair of blue ſtriped flaxen trowſers, 1 pair of new tow ditto, 1 flaxen ſhirt, 2 pair of blue ribbed woollen ſtockings, 1 half worn furr hat, 1½ yard of tow linen, 1 red and white ſpotted handkerchief, and 1 pair of white metal ſhoe buckles. The ſaid thief is about 45 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, black eyes, black curly hair, his left leg ſore, ſays that he was wounded in it at the battle of Germantown; he talks much on the Welch dialect. Whoever apprehends the ſaid thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice and the owner get his goods again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN JONES.

Vincent, Cheſter county, Auguſt 12, 1785. †

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Walnut-ſtreet, next door to Dr. Delany's, the corner of Second-ſtreet; the houſe is three ſtories high, 35 feet front, has four rooms on a floor, with good cellars under the whole.

ALSO, a PIECE of MEADOW, on Greenwich Iſland, adjoining William Shipley and William Craig's meadows, containing about 8 acres, in good order, is now on a leaſe of four years from next March, to good tenants, at 40 l. per annum, which they will either give up or continue as may be agreeable to the purchaſer. For terms, apply to THOMAS FRANKLIN.

Philadelphia, July 28, 1785. t. b. c. t. f.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.